PART 6

External
Reporting and
Performance
Evaluation

Statements of financial performance and position

Statement of cash flows

Analysis and interpretation of 25

financial statements

CHAPTER 23

Statements of financial performance and position

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- 23.1 Reserves, dividends and tax, statement of financial performance
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ADDITIONAL PROBLEMS

Problem 23.1 Reserves, dividends and tax, statement of financial performance

The following was obtained from the ledger of Leederville Ltd as at 30 June 2003:

Share capital:

100 000 ordinary shares paid to 75c, but issued for \$1	\$75 000
40 000 10% preference shares fully paid at \$1	40 000
Calls in advance	500
General reserve	20 000
Retained profits 1/7/02	16 000
Profit for year before tax	30 000
Provision for income tax (2001–02 profits)	8 000
Interim dividend paid on ordinary shares (1/1/03)	4 000
Total income tax paid on 2001–02 profits	8 500

End of year adjustments

- 1. Income tax expense of \$7000 is calculated on 2002–03 profits. The company pays tax as a small company.
- 2. Provide for dividend on preference shares for the year.
- 3. Provide for a final dividend on ordinary shares of \$3000.
- 4. Transfer \$4000 from the general reserve.

Required:

- A. Prepare a statement of financial performance for the year ended 30 June 2003 in accordance with the format suggested in AASB 1018.
- B. Prepare a statement of shareholders' equity as at 30 June 2003.



A.

LEEDERVILLE LTD Statement of Financial Performance for the year ended 30 June 2003

Revenue from ordinary activities Expenses from ordinary activities		\$X
Profit from ordinary activities before income tax expense	•	<u>X</u> *29 500
Income tax expense relating to ordinary activities	-	7000
Profit from ordinary activities after related income tax ex	nense	<u>7 500</u> 22 500
Net profit (loss)	rpense	22 500
Total changes in equity other than those resulting		<u>22 300</u>
from transactions with owners as owners		\$22 500
Note in relation to retained profits:		
Retained profits at the beginning of the financial year		\$16 000
Net profit (loss)		22 500
Dividends recognised as a liability or paid		(11 000)
Transfers from reserves:		
General reserve		<u>4 000</u>
Retained profits at the reporting date		<u>\$31 500</u>
В.		
LEEDERVILLE LTD	•.	
Statement of Shareholders' Equ	uity	
as at 30 June 2003	Note	
Chara conital		¢115 000
Share capital Calls in advance	(1)	\$115 000 500
Reserves		16 000
Retained profits		31 500 \$163 000
Total shareholders' equity		<u>\$163 000</u>
Note 1: Share capital details consist of:		
100 000 ordinary shares issued for \$1 and paid to 75c		75 000
40 000 10% preference shares fully paid at \$1		40 000
		<u>\$115 000</u>
Note 2: Reserves consist of:		
General reserve		16 000
The opening balance of this reserve was \$20 000 and \$40	000 has been t	ransferred back

to retained profits in the current year.



Problem 23.2 Ledgers, statement of financial performance

The following information relating to the year ending 30 June 2002 for Warwick Ltd has been obtained from the company's records.

Profit for year before further adjustments and tax	\$33 000
Retained profits (1 July 2001)	5 500
General reserve	3 000
Asset revaluation reserve	2 500
Interim dividends paid	5 000
Income tax paid on 2000-01 profits	7 000
Provision for income tax on 2000–01 profits	8 000
Goodwill	2 500
Share issue costs	1 000

On 30 June 2002, the directors decided to:

- 1. recommend a final dividend payment of \$7000
- 2. write off share issue costs
- 3. write off goodwill
- 4. increase general reserve by \$1000
- 5. provide for an estimated tax expense and current tax liability of \$7500 on 2001–02 profits. The company pays tax as a small company.

Required:

Record the above adjustments in ledger accounts and prepare a statement of financial performance complying with AASB 1018.



WARWICK LTD

		Income Tax	Expense		
30/6	Prov. for tax	7 500	30/6	P & L Summary	7 500
20/6		verprovision fo			1,000
30/6	P & L Summary	1 000	30/6	Prov. for tax	1 000
		ļ			
		Profit and Los	ss Summa	ıry	
30/6	Goodwill	2 500		Profit before	33 000
22/5				adjustments	
30/6	lncome tax expense	7 500		Overprovision for tax	1 000
30/6	Retained Profits	24 000			
		34 000			34 000
		Interim Divid	dends Pai		
	Balance =	5 000	30/6	Retained profits	5 000
		Final Dividen	ds Provide	ed	
30/6	Balance	7 000	30/6	Retained profits	7 000
	=				
		Retained	Profits		
30/6	To general reserve	1 00	'	Balance	5 500
30/6	Interim dividends	5 00		Net profit	24 000
30/6	Final dividends	7 00			
	Balance c/d	16 50 29 50	_		29 500
				Balance b/d	16 500
			ı		
		Share Issu	ie Costs		
	Balance	1 00	0 30/6	Share capital	1 000
		Good			
	Balance	2 50	0 30/6	P&L Summary	2 500



		Provision for In	come Ta	X	
1/12/01	Cash	7 000		Balance	8 000
30/6	Overprovision	1 000			
	for tax				
		8 000			8 000
			30/6	Income tax exp.	7 500
		Provision for Fina	al Divide	nds	
			30/6	Final div	7 000
			,	provided	
		Asset Revaluation	n Reser		
				Balance	2 500
		General Re	serve		
				Balance	3 000
30/6	Balance c/d	4 000	30/6	Retained profits	1 000
		4 000			4 000
			30/6	Balance b/d	4 000
					(continued)
		WARWICK	LTD		
		itement of Financ			
	fo	or the year ended	30 June	2002	
Revenue f	rom ordinary activ	rities			\$X
	from ordinary acti		011 011 0 0	maa	<u>X</u>
Profit from ordinary activities before income tax expense Income tax expense relating to ordinary activities				31 500 <u>7 500</u>	
	n ordinary activiti			expense	24000
Net profit					<u>24 000</u>
	iges in equity othe sactions with own		ting		\$24000
nom trails	sactions with OWIR	.is as UWIICIS			Ψ24 000
	lation to retained		. 1		ΦΕ ΕΩΩ
Net profit	profits at the begin	ning of the financ	nai year		\$5 500 24 000
	recognised as a li	ability or paid			(12 000)
Transfers	to reserves:	. 1			
General re		ting date			(1000) \$13000
retailled !	profits at the repor	ung date			<u>\$13 000</u>



Problem 23.3 Dividends, reserves, financial statements

Stirling Ltd commenced trading many years ago. Shareholders' equity at 30 June 2002 comprised:

Share capital, 20 000 ordinary shares fully paid at \$10	\$200 000
General reserve	115 000
Retained profits	21 500
	\$336 500

It is company policy to provide for the final dividend in the financial statements as at 30 June each year. During the financial year ended 30 June 2003, the following transactions with respect to capital and dividends took place:

Final dividend of \$1 per share for year ended 30 June 2000 was ratified and paid.
lssued 15 000 shares, fully paid at \$10, in payment for assets with a fair value of \$150 000.
Likely tax for year ended 30 June 2003 was estimated to be \$42 000. The appropriate instalment was to be paid on the basis of the company being taxed as a medium company.
Interim dividend of 50c for the half-year ended 31 December 2002 paid on all shares.
The company made an operating profit before tax of \$200 000 for the financial year. The directors decided: (a)to provide for income tax expense and current liability at 40% of operating profit before tax. (b)to transfer \$20 000 to general reserve. (c)to provide for a final dividend of \$1 per share on all issued shares.

Required:

- A. Prepare entries in general journal format to record the above transactions. Ignore closing entries.
- B. Prepare the statement of financial performance to comply with AASB 1018.
- C. Prepare a statement of shareholders' equity as at 30 June 2003.

(continued)



A.

STIRLING LTD

		STIKLING LIL)	
2002				
Sept.	30	Provision for Final Dividends Cash at Bank	20 000	20 000
		To record payment of dividend.		
Nov.	30	Assets Share Capital To record acquisition of assets	150 000	150 000
2003				
Mar.	1	Income Tax Expense Provision for Income Tax To record likely tax.	42 000	42 000
	31	Interim Dividends Provided Provision for Interim Dividends To declare 50c interim dividend on 2	17 500 35 000 shares.	17 500
	31	Provision for Interim Dividends Cash at Bank To record payment of dividend.	17 500	17 500
Jun.	1	Provision for Income Tax Cash at Bank To record first instalment for tax.	10 500	10 500
	30	Revenues and Expenses Profit & Loss Summary Closing entry.	200 000	200 000
	30	Income Tax Expense Provision for Income Tax To record additional income tax for	38 000 the year.	38 000
	30	Profit and Loss Summary Income Tax Expense Closing entry.	80 000	80 000
	30	Retained Profits General Reserve To transfer to general reserve.	20 000	20 000
	30	Final Dividends Provided Provision for Final Dividends To provide for final dividend.	35 000	35 000



В.

Note 2

Reserves consist of:

STIRLING LTD Statement of Financial Performance for the year ended 30 June 2003

Revenue from ordinary activities		\$X
Expenses from ordinary activities		X
Profit from ordinary activities before income tax expens	se	200 000
Income tax expense relating to ordinary activities		<u>80000</u>
Profit from ordinary activities after related income tax e	expense	<u>120000</u>
Net profit (loss)		<u>120 000</u>
Total changes in equity other than those resulting		
from transactions with owners as owners		<u>\$120 000</u>
Note in relation to retained profits:		
Retained profits at the beginning of the financial year		\$21 500
Net profit (loss)		120 000
Dividends recognised as a liability or paid		(52 500)
Transfers to reserves:		
General reserve		<u>(20 000)</u>
Retained profits at the reporting date		<u>\$69 000</u>
C.		
STIRLING LTD		
Statement of Shareholders' Ed	quity	
as at 30 June 2000		
	Note	
Share capital	(1)	\$350 000
Reserves	(2)	135 000
Retained profits		69 000
Total shareholders' equity		\$554 000
Note 1		
Share capital consists of:		
35 000 ordinary shares fully paid at \$10		\$350 000

General reserve \$135 000 The opening balance of this reserve was \$115 000 and \$20 000 has been transferred from retained profits in the current year.



Problem 23.4

Reserves, dividends, tax, statement of financial performance

The following information is provided by Whitfords Ltd at 30 June 2002:

	Debit	Credit
Share capital:		
Ordinary shares(65 000 shares fully paid at \$1)		\$ 65 000
(10 000 shares called to 50c, issued at \$1)		5 000
Preference shares (200 000 shares fully paid at 50c each)		100 000
Calls in advance (25c per share)		200
General reserve		35 000
Retained profits (1/7/01)		18 000
Profit before tax (before any necessary amendments)		60 000
Gross proceeds on sale of non-current asset		15 000
Carrying amount of non-current asset sold\$	17 500	
Provision for income tax (2000–01 profits)		18 000
Underprovision for income tax paid during 2001-02	2 000	
Legal damages expense (lawsuit)	3 000	
Interim dividend — Ordinary shares (paid 31 December 2001)	3 500	

The following adjustments to the above accounts are necessary before preparation of the final accounting reports:

- 1. Provide for taxation expense of \$21 800 on operating profits (includes deduction for the sale of non-current asset and damages from the lawsuit). The estimate of likely tax for this medium company had been made previously at \$20 000 on 1 March.
- 2. Provide for final dividends:

Ordinary shares \$7000 Preference shares 7500

- 3. Write off \$3000 of goodwill (normal amortisation amount).
- 4. Transfer \$8000 from general reserve.
- 5. Assume a tax rate of 40%.

Required:

- A. Prepare the statement of financial performance for year ended 30 June 2002.
- B. Prepare a statement of shareholders' equity as at 30 June 2002.



A.

WHITFORDS LTD Statement of Financial Performance for the year ended 30 June 2002

for the year ended 30 June 200	JZ
	Note
Revenue from ordinary activities	1 \$X
Expenses from ordinary activities	2 <u>X</u>
÷ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	*49 500
Profit from ordinary activities before income tax expense	
Income tax expense relating to ordinary activities (40%)	<u>21 800</u>
Profit from ordinary activities after related income tax exp	
Net profit	3 <u>27 700</u>
Total changes in equity other than those resulting	
from transactions with owners as o	wners <u>\$27700</u>
* \$49 500 = \$60 000 - \$2 500 loss on sale - \$2 000 underpr	ovision
for tax - \$3 000 goodwill - \$3 000 legal damages	
Note 1. Payonus from ordinary activities	
Note 1: Revenue from ordinary activities	
Revenue from ordinary activities consists of:	A.T.
Sales revenue	\$X
Proceeds from sale of non-current asset	<u>15000</u>
	<u>X</u>
The loss on sale of non-current assets equals \$2 500.	
Note 2: Expenses from ordinary activities	
Expenses from ordinary activities include:	4.1 7
Cost of sales	\$X
Selling expenses	X
Administrative expenses	X
Financial expenses	X
Expenses included above and separately disclosed are:	
Depreciation of non-current assets	X
Amortisation of goodwill	3 000
Legal damages	3 000
Underprovision for income tax	2 000
onderprovision for income tax	2000
Note 3: Retained profits:	
Retained profits at the beginning of the financial year	\$18 000
Net profit	27 700
Dividends recognised as a liability or paid	(18 000)
Transfers from reserves:	(10 300)
General reserve	0.000
UCHCIAI ICSCIVC	
Retained profits at the reporting date	<u>8 000</u> \$35 700



В.

WHITFORDS LTD Statement of Shareholders' Equity as at 30 June 2002

Share capital	(1)	\$170 000
Calls in advance		200
Reserves	(2)	27 000
Retained profits		<u>35 700</u>
Total shareholders' equity		\$232,900
Note 1: Share capital consists of:		
65 000 ordinary shares fully paid at \$1		\$65 000
10 000 ordinary shares issued at \$1 and paid to 50c		5 000
200 000 preference shares fully paid at 50c		<u>100 000</u>
		<u>\$170 000</u>

Note 2: Reserves consist of

General reserve \$27 000

The opening balance of this reserve was $$35\,000$ and $$8\,000$ has been transferred back to retained profits in the current year.



Problem 23.5 Comprehensive problem

The trial balance of Joondalup Ltd at 30 June 2003 is shown below.

JOONDALUP LTD Trial Balance as at 30 June 2003		
	Debit	Credit
Share capital (50 000 shares issued at \$1 called to 80c) Retained profits 1/7/02 General reserve Provision for income tax Asset revaluation reserve Sales		\$ 40 000 5 000 4 200 500 10 000 150 000
Sales returns and allowances Purchases	\$ 500 100 000	
Purchases returns and allowances	100 000	720
Freight inwards	600	
Freight outwards	700	
Advertising expense	1 000	
Preliminary expenses Goodwill	3 000 14 000	
Buildings (at revaluation)	30 000	
Selling expenses	1 000	
Sales staff's salary expense	10 000	
Sales staff's car expenses	1 500	
Sales staff's entertainment expenses	1 200	
General expenses	1 250	
Insurance expense	2 000 1 000	
Rates expense Discount allowed	1 270	
Accounts receivable	17 000	
Allowance for doubtful debts	.,	500
Accumulated depreciation — buildings		1 000
motor vehicles		2 000
– office furniture		1 000
Accounts payable		6 000
Bills payable Cash at bank	6 100	1 000
Motor vehicles (at cost)	10 000	
Office furniture (at cost)	3 000	
Inventory 1/7/02	10 000	
Office salaries expense	5 300	
Call no. 2 (500 shares at 20c)	100	
Interest on overdraft expense	50	
Rent expense	1 350	<u></u>
	\$221 920	\$221 920



The following adjustments are required:

- 1. Inventory 30/6/03, \$16 000.
- 2. Write off bad debts \$300.
- 3. Increase allowance for doubtful debts to 4% of accounts receivable after making adjustment for (2).
- 4. Provide for income tax expense of \$7500. The company is a small company for tax purposes. The credit balance of the Provision for Income Tax in the trial balance represents an overprovision for the previous year.
- 5. Transfer \$1000 to general reserve.
- 6. Accrued expenses: sales staff's salary \$650; office salaries \$270; interest on overdraft \$20.
- 7. Write off preliminary expenses \$500 and goodwill at 10% amortisation rate.
- 8. Rent prepaid \$300.
- 9. Write off depreciation: motor vehicles 10% on cost; office furniture 20% on cost; buildings 5% of revalued amount.
- 10. Provide for a dividend of 20c per share.

Required:

Prepare a statement of financial performance and statement of financial position for Joondalup Ltd for year ended 30 June 2003, showing necessary details and calculations while following the format suggested by accounting standards.

Solution

The financial statements are presented in accordance with the latest versions of AASB 1018 and AASB 1040, as illustrated at the beginning of this chapter of the solutions manual.

JOONDALUP LTD Statement of Financial Performance for the year ended 30 June 2003

	<u>1101C</u>	
Revenue from ordinary activities	1	\$150 000
Expenses from ordinary activities, excluding	,)	
borrowing		
costs expense	2	**(127 538)
Borrowing costs expense		(70)
Profit from ordinary activities before income	e tax expense	**22 392
Income tax expense relating to ordinary acti	ivities	<u>7 500</u>
Profit from ordinary activities after related in	ncome tax expense	14892
Net profit (loss)	3	14892
Total changes in equity other than those res	ulting from	
transactions with owners as owners		\$14892
Note 1: Revenue from ordinary activities		
Revenue from ordinary activities consists of	:	
Sales revenue [net of returns and allowances	s]	\$149 500
Overprovision for income tax		500
		<u>150 000</u>
Note 2: Expenses from ordinary activities		
Expenses from ordinary activities include:		
Cost of sales		\$93 880
Selling expenses		17 050
Administrative expenses		13 820
Financial expenses		2 858
Expenses included above and separately disc	closed are:	
Depreciation of non-current assets		3 100
Amortisation of goodwill		1 400
Write-off of preliminary expenses		500
Bad debts expense		468
		(continued)



Note 3: Retained profits:	
Retained profits at the beginning of the financial year	\$5 000
Net profit (loss)	14892
Dividends recognised as a liability or paid	(10 000)
Transfers to reserves:	
General reserve	(1000)
Retained profits at the reporting date	\$8892

**The above statement is prepared in accordance with disclosure requirements of AASB 1004 and AASB 1018. If the statement is prepared for internal management purposes, the following details would be calculated:

Net sales revenue				\$149 500
Cost of goods sold:	Opening invento	ory	\$10 000	
	Purchases		100 000	
	Returns and allo	wances	(720)	
	Freight inwards		600	
			109 880	
	Closing inventor	У		<u>16 000</u>
				<u>93 880</u>
Gross profit				55 620
Operating expenses				
Selling expenses:				
Freight outwar		\$700		
Advertising exp		1 000		
Selling expense		1 000		
Sales staff sala	•	10 650		
Sales staff car	•	1 500		
Entertainment	•	1 200		
Depr. of motor		<u>1 000</u>	17 050	
Administrative expe				
General expens		1 250		
Insurance expe	ense	2 000		
Rates expense		1 000		
Office salaries		5 570		
	ninary expenses	500		
Amortisation o		1 400		
Deprecation - o		600		
Depreciation -	buildings	<u>1 500</u>	13 820	
Financial expenses:				
Rent expense		1 050		
Discount allow		1 270		
Interest on ove		70		
Bad debts expe	ense	<u>468</u>	<u>2 858</u>	<u>33 728</u>
				21 892
Add: Over provision		-02 profits		500
Profit before income	e tax			<u>\$22392</u>

(continued)



JOONDALUP LTD Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2003

as at 30 June 2003				
Current a	assets	<u>Note</u>		
Cash	assets		\$6 100	
Rece	eivables	1	16 032	
Inve	ntories		16 000	
Othe	er [prepaid rent]		300	
	l current assets		38 432	
Non-curr	ent assets			
Prop	perty, plant and equipment	2	35 900	
	ngible assets	3	<u>15 100</u>	
	l non-current assets		51 000	
Total asso			89 432	
Current 1	iabilities			
Paya		4	7 000	
	ent tax liabilities	5	7 500	
	visions	6	10 000	
	er [accrued expenses]		940	
	l current liabilities		25 440	
Total liab	ilities		\$25 440	
Equity				
	tributed capital	7	39 900	
Rese	-	8	15 200	
	ined profits	· ·	8 892	
Total equ	•		\$63 992	
Note 1:	Receivables consist of		Ψ03332	
Note 1.	Accounts receivable [17 000 - 300]		16 700	
	Allowance for doubtful debts		668	
	Allowance for doubtful debts		16 032	
N . O	D		10032	
Note 2:	Property, plant and equipment consists of	22.000		
	Buildings (at valuation on by)	30 000	27.500	
	Accumulated deprecation	<u>(2 500)</u>	27 500	
	Motor vehicles	0 000	7.000	
	Accumulated depreciation	(3 000)	7 000	
	Office furniture	3 000	1 400	
	Accumulated depreciation	<u>(1 600)</u>	<u>1 400</u>	
			<u>35 900</u>	
Note 3:	Intangible assets consist of			
	Goodwill	14 000		
	Accumulated amortisation	<u>(1 400)</u>	12 600	
	Preliminary expenses	3 000		
	Accumulated amortisation	<u>(500)</u>	<u>2 500</u>	
			<u>15 100</u>	
Note 4:	Payables represent			
	Accounts payable		6 000	
	Bills payable		<u>1 000</u>	
			<u>7 000</u>	
Note 5:	Current tax liabilities consist of			
	Provision for income tax		7 500	
Note 6:	Provisions consist of			
11010 01	Dividends		10 000	
Note 7:	Contributed capital consists of		10 000	
<u>Note 7</u> :				
	Share capital: 49 500 shares issued at \$1 and paid to 80c		39 600	
	500 shares issued at \$1 and paid to 60c			
	200 strates issued at \$1 and paid to out		<u>300</u>	
NI / O	D		<u>39 900</u>	
<u>Note 8</u> :	Reserves consist of		.	
	Asset revaluation reserve		10 000	
	General reserve		<u>5 200</u>	
			<u>15 200</u>	

